Cyber secure e-commerce

1. Secure your website for customers
   You must have the right security to protect your business and your customers. Use https connections, enable two-factor authentication where possible and test the security of your website.

2. Protect your assets
   Like any other business asset, information needs to be managed and protected. Information security is the protection of information within a business, including the storage, processing and transmission of information.

3. Store passwords securely
   If customers need to create accounts to buy from your website, make sure all passwords are stored securely – according to the rules of the industry.

4. Comply with data protection requirements
   When processing customers’ personal data, ensure you comply with the legal framework on data protection.

5. Monitor and prevent incidents
   Have a security incident response policy in place. Take measures to prevent, monitor and respond to security incidents, including personal data breaches.

#StayAtHome