

# **Pseudonymisation: Applications in Medical Research**

ULD - ENISA Workshop: Pseudonymisation and relevant security technologies

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Based on slides from S.C. Semler, J. Drepper, I. Schlünder

#### Introducing TMF

- Non-profit umbrella organisation for networked medical research in Germany
- 64 members with more than 100 sites

## Funding

- indirect funding from BMBF, DFG, BMEL, etc.
  - Membership eligible for funding
- Third-party funding projects





#### Areas of medical research: overview





Areas of medical research: properties



- Different areas of medical research
  - are subject to different legal frameworks
  - that vary from area to area
- As a consequence, different medical research projects require different data protection concepts

### Often, data must be identifiable

- necessary for consultative participation (study leaders, experts)
- for correct assignment of data and quality management

#### TMF's generic data protection concept





- Combines the experience of TMF's Working Group on Data Protection from over 15 years of consulting medical research projects
- Recommended by the Conference of Federal and State Data Protection Commissioners
- Data pseudonymisation as a core protection measure



Modular, scalable architecture with the goal of flexibility and ease of implementation

- Pseudonymization and separate storage of directly identifying data and medical data
- Areas with differing legal frameworks covered in corresponding modules
- Modules are connected via central services, e.g. for (de-) pseudonymization

Structure

- Data protection concepts for the individual areas ("modules")
- Data protection concept for the overall architecture ("maximum model")

#### TMF data protection concept: modules





### TMF data protection concept: details





#### Source: K. Pommerening, "Das Datenschutzkonzept der TMF für Biomaterialbanken", it - Inf. Technol., vol. 49, no. 6, pp. 352–359, 2007



Provided by the community, developed with third-party funding

Take domain specifics into account, e.g. pseudonyms must be humanreadable and are often printed on barcodes

#### Example:

🔮 gPAS	Pseudonyme				EN 🕐
Pseudonyme 🛱 Suchen / Anlegen	Sie haben hier die Möglichkeit neue Pseudonyme zu generieren oder bereits generierte Paare von extern einzutragen. Außerdem können Sie nach Auswahl einer Domäne vorhandene Pseudonyme suchen, kopieren, anonymisieren und löschen, sowie sich einen PSN-Baum anzeigen lassen.				
Listen 1 Hochladen					
Einstellungen Domänen	Generieren oder St. Vor	n Extern eintragen			
<ul> <li>Subsuk</li> <li>Info</li> </ul>	Domänen Suchen	11 Pseudo	nyme	Suchen	
	Name		Originalwert	Pseudonym	
	Bilddatenlabor	00001	1 2 Saum anzeigen	st1_49575442	<
	Biolabor	00002		st1_X9812237	
	Biolabor 2	00003	Kopiere Originalwert	st1_16810695	<
	Forscher A	00004	Kopiere Pseudonym	st1_04380229	<
	Forscher B	. 00005	-	st1_X9X53089	~
	Forscher B Forscher C	. 00005	Anonymisieren	st1_X9X53089	1
	Forscher B Forscher C Forscher D	. 00005 00006 00007	Anonymisieren	st1_X9X53089 st1_X3X36608 st1_637277X2	
	Forscher B Forscher C Forscher D Forscher E	, 00005 00006 00007 00008	Anonymisieren	st1_X9X53089 st1_X3X36608 st1_637277X2 st1_9X797934	

Source: https://www.ths-greifswald.de/forscher/gpas/



