

Mikko Karikytö

Head of Product Security & CPSO Ericsson

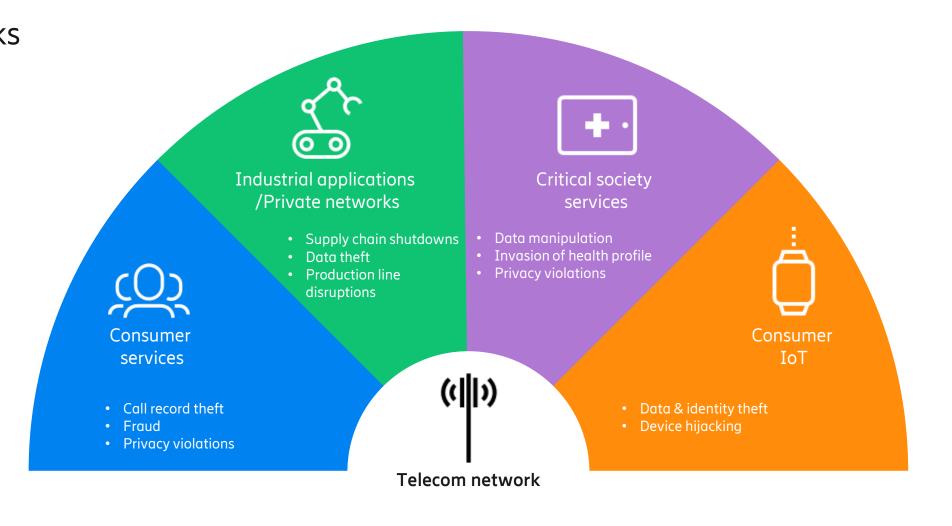
Ericsson

2021-06-29



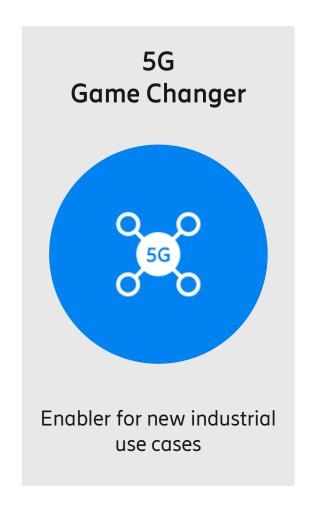
A telecom network today needs to be secure across multiple contexts and use-cases

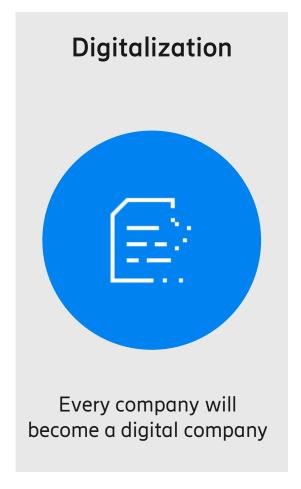
As telecom networks have new, more demanding use cases, **attack** motivations increase, attack vectors multiply and the need to protect the network grows exponentially



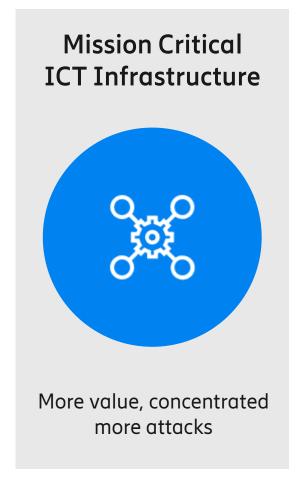
Increased value at stake decreased-risk tolerance















Operations process

- Secure operational procedures, e.g., segregation of duties, use of least privilege and logging
- Monitoring the security performance, vulnerability mgmt. and detection of attacks
- Response and recovery after breach

Deployment process

- Solid network design with security and resilience in mind
- Configuration of security parameters, hardening

Vendor product development process

- Secure hardware and software components
- Secure development processes
- Version control and secure software update

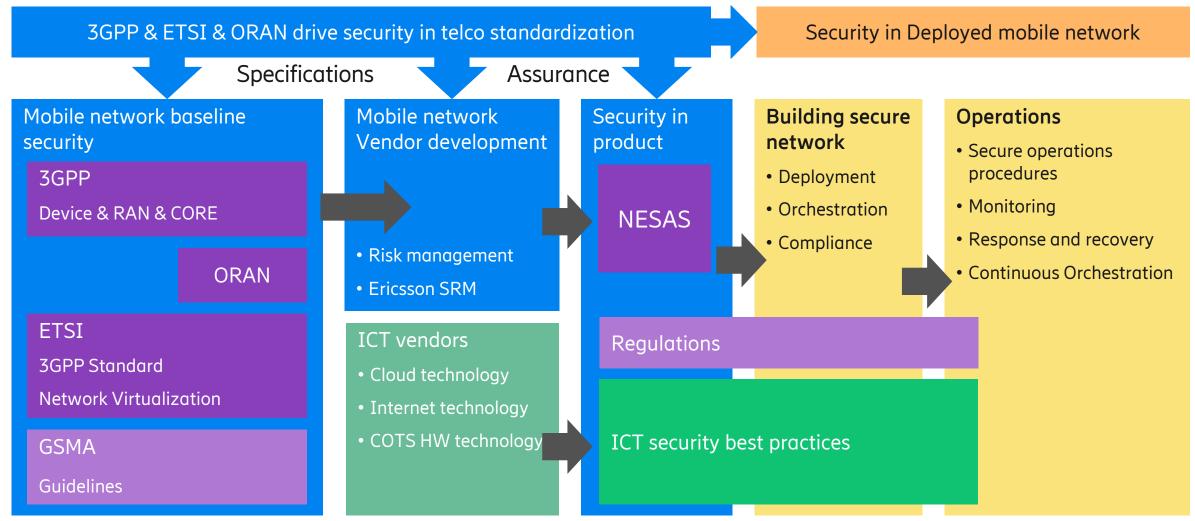
Telecommunications standardization process

• Secure protocols, algorithms, storage

- End users' experience of network security is determined by deployed networks.
- Security status of deployed networks depends on four interdependent layers.
- Holistic approach to security includes all four levels.
- Operators are in control of operations, deployment and integrator and vendor selection.
- Vendors are in control of their product development and sourcing decisions (component suppliers).
- Standards are set in a multi stakeholder fashion.







3GPP security area



In principle, all work in 3GPP SA3 can be divided into the following areas

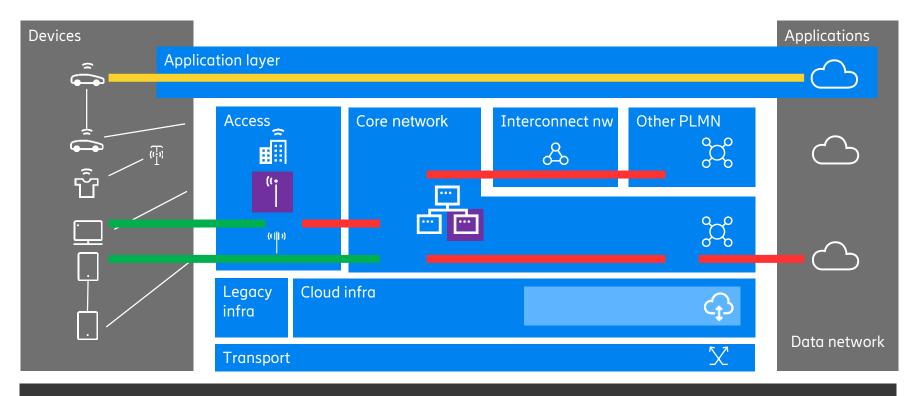
Application security

UE to network access security

Network to network security

Security assurance

Virtualization security*



Rel(ease)-15 created the foundation of security for the 3GPP 5G system. Later releases have added enhancements to the system security and added security for features to enable new use cases.

Security Reliability Model (SRM)



- Ericsson's risk management framework

Product value flow: The controls in SRM applies across the flow from component intake to operations in customer networks



Security Reliability Model

Functions	Assurance	Compliance & Documentation	Deployment & Operations
Functions implemented in products and solutions	Activities in the value flow that ensure that product security and privacy has been addressed throughout	Key documentation that supports the product and shows compliance	Activities in the value flow that ensure that the product is deployed and operated in a secure way and with compliance to privacy





Develop

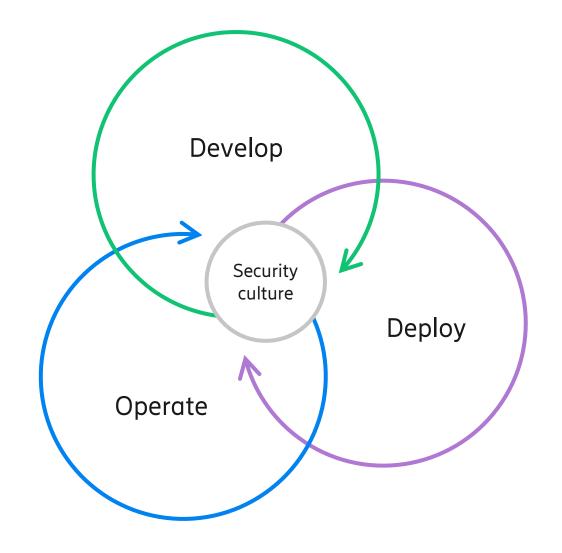
Ericsson develops secure products and solutions, built on the strong foundation of 3GPP, with a strong and rigorous security perspective, including a controlled supply chain, deep knowledge of existing and emergent threats, and the contexts where our products will be used.

Deploy

Ericsson works together with our customers to ensure solid deployments of our products and networks, with clear guidelines for secure configurations, handover and hardening of the network. We also work with our customers on to create an overarching secure architecture of the networks we build.

Operate

Ericsson works together with communication service providers in ensuring the security of networks in operations. Features in our products mitigate the risk of successful attacks; security solutions help CSPs detect, mitigate and respond to threats; and 24/7 incident response team captures and patches vulnerabilities in networks.





PSIRT

Ericsson Product

Security Incident

emergence of new

vulnerabilities and

new product

development

Data-driven

that are then

and deployed in

threats that feed into

Developing solutions

networks and PSIRT.

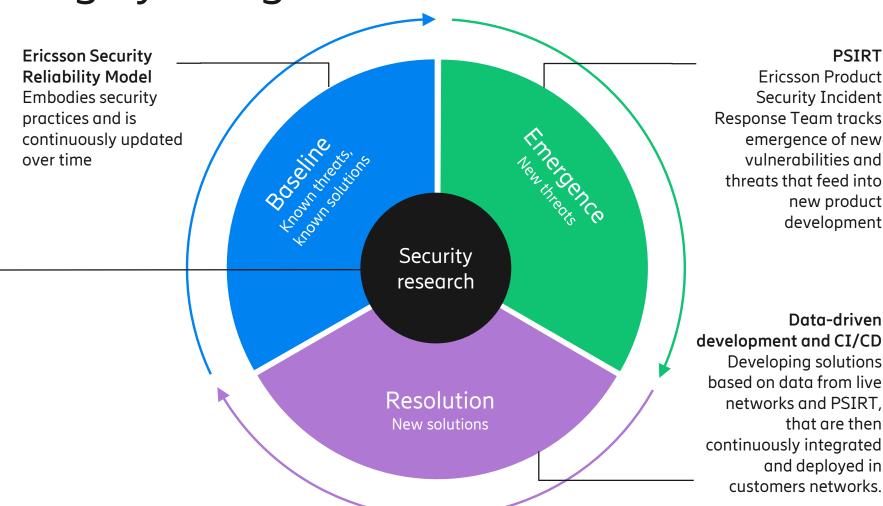
customers networks.

Response Team tracks

Strong security is built as a continuous process of learning by doing

Twenty years delivering security competence, new solutions, and technical proof points in:

- Standardization of security for mobile networks - 3GPP, IETF, GSMA, ETSI
- Collaboration with business areas and other parts of Ericsson
- External collaborations: EU-CONCORDIA, Hexa-X, UC Berkeley, RISELab, Concordia University, RISE Sweden



Key conclusions

=

- Increased value at stake from personal information to mission critical
- Protecting end-users is about securing deployed networks in the field that render end-user services
- Holistic approach to protect end-user is necessary
 - Secure operations*
 - Deployment architecture and configuration*
 - Vendor product security**
 - Global standards ***
- Mind the interdependencies between layers, avoid false sense of security
- No silver bullets, security is a continuous process



*Operators are in control of operations, deployment and integrator and vendor selection. **Vendors are in control of their product development and sourcing decisions. (component suppliers). *** Standards are set in a multi stakeholder fashion.



https://www.ericsson.com/en/public-policy-andgovernment-affairs/cyber-network-security