



Where are you heading, Security?

Jan Adamovský | Chief Security Officer

Criminality in banking

Criminality in banking is as old
as banking itself

- Local presence of the gangster was required
- Sheriff was able to act

What is the motivation
of the attackers?

- Money
- Revenge
- Belief

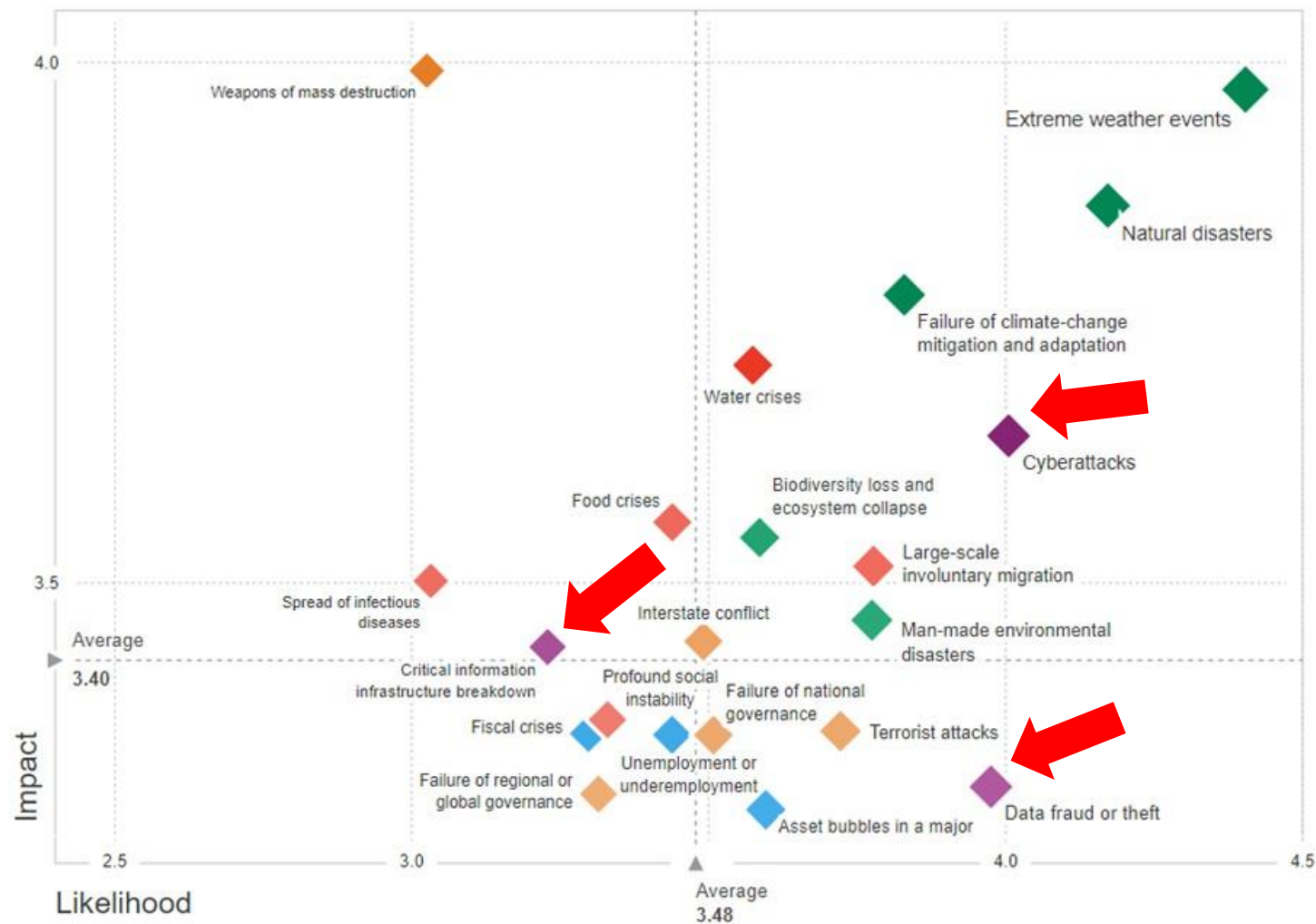


What has changed?

Actual trends

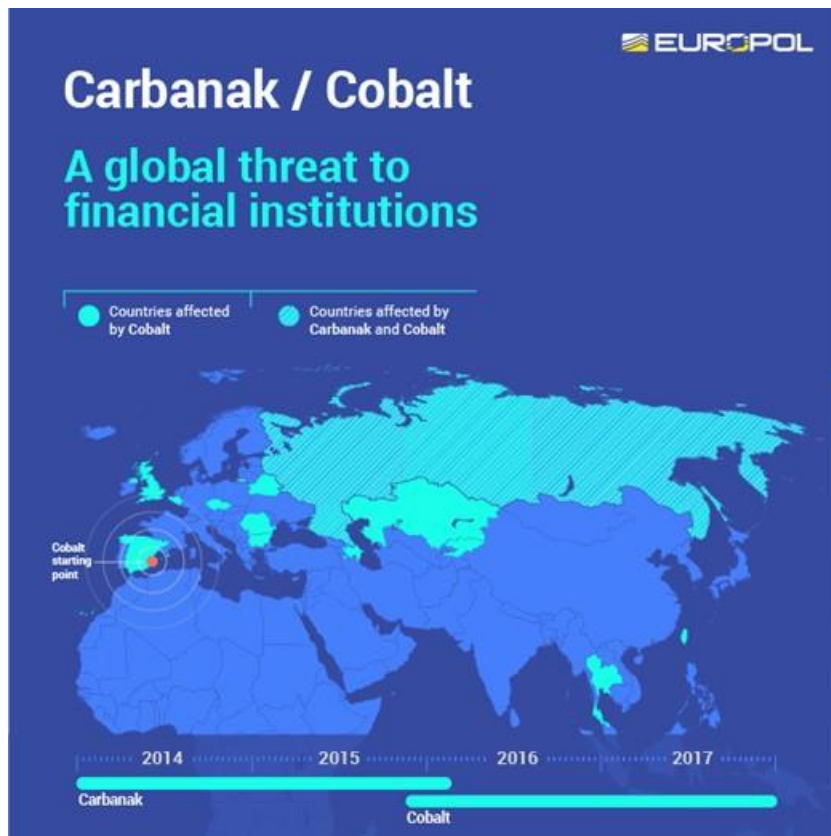


Global Risk Report



Source: The Global Risk Report 2018, World Economic Forum

Cyber Attacks



Trends

- Perception
- Security skills shortage
- Big Data, Machine Learning, AI



Regulations in Cyber security and data protection

A year ago... And now...

National bank
security guidelines

ISO 27000

PCI DSS

- General Data Protection Regulation
- Network Information Security Directive
- Payment Service Directive 2
- European Banking Authority (EBA) Guidelines
 - Strong customer authentication and secure communication
 - Security measures for operational and security risks
 - ICT Risk Assessment / SREP
 - Reporting of Fraud Data
- ECB Significant Incident reporting
- SWIFT Customer Security Program

Main topics of the regulations

Higher security requirements

- Additional costs
- Higher demand for security employees

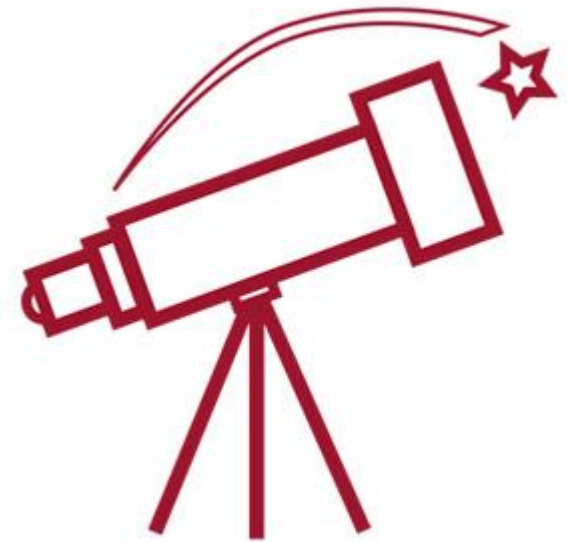
Incident Reporting

- 2 hours, 4 hours, 72 hours, without undue delay...
- Every reporting have it's own template and channel
- Very demanding for international companies

Fines

- 20mn, 4%, 1%, ...

How will the future look like?



More of the same, but better

Clients trust banks that they can keep their money secure and provide services with added value. 3rd parties were not sufficient in providing added value services to clients. Banks are able to invest into security sufficiently to avoid significant incidents. Security automatization helps to keep skill shortage under control. Regulators were able to harmonize requirements to optimize needed efforts.

Security



Economy



**Customer
trust**



Regulations



Worse (decay and depression)

Many successful attacks against banks and digital service providers caused massive losses and data leakages. Clients are moving from electronic money back to cash and towards cryptocurrencies. Sales in all banking product dramatically decreased due to loss of customer trust. Tight budgets also limits investments to security which leads to further possible attacks.

Security



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Regulations



Different but better (fundamental change)

Clients perceive banks as a partner which serves their primary needs. All banking services are provided online. New technologies have solved many difficult security issues.

Banking platforms are successfully utilized by 3rd parties enabling fast innovations. Open cooperation helps to fast mitigate any potential security threat.

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Regulations



Key Take-aways

- Motivation of the attackers is still the same, they are only using actual methods
- Too much regulations drains valuable resources
- Nobody knows how the future will look like, but it is usually shaped by significant events



Thank you for you attention!

Feel free to contact me
adamovsky.jan@slsp.sk