European Maritime Safety Agency

<u>Cyber Threats</u>: Reviewing and updating your Port Facility Security Assessment



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ISPS Code Part B/15.3



15.3 A PFSA should address the following elements within a port facility:

- .1 physical security;
- .2 structural integrity;
- .3 personnel protection systems;
- .4 procedural policies;



- .5 radio and telecommunication systems, including computer systems and networks;
- .6 relevant transportation infrastructure;
- .7 utilities; and



.8 other areas that may, if damaged or used for illicit observation, pose a risk to persons, property, or operations within the port facility.



- 15.5 The port facility security assessment shall include, at least, the following elements:
 - .1 identification and evaluation of important assets and infrastructure it is important to protect;
 - .2 identification of possible threats to the assets and infrastructure and the likelihood of their occurrence, in order to establish and prioritise security measures;
 - .3 identification, selection and prioritisation of countermeasures and procedural changes and their level of effectiveness in reducing vulnerability; and
 - .4 identification of weaknesses, including human factors, in the infrastructure, policies and procedures.

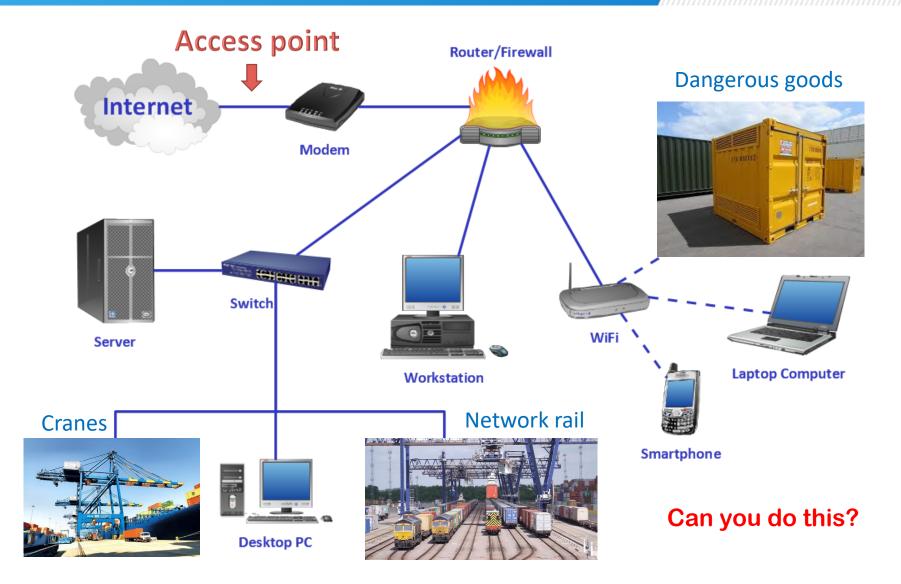
ISPS Code Part B/15.7



- 15.7 Assets and infrastructure that should be considered important to protect may include:
 - .1 accesses, entrances, approaches, and anchorages, manoeuvring and berthing areas;
 - .2 cargo facilities, terminals, storage areas, and cargo handling equipment;
 - .3 systems such as electrical distribution systems, radio and telecommunication systems and computer systems and networks;
 - .4 port vessel traffic management systems and aids to navigation;
 - .5 power plants, cargo transfer piping, and water supplies;
 - .6 bridges, railways, roads;
 - .7 port service vessels, including pilot boats, tugs, lighters, etc.;
 - .8 security and surveillance equipment and systems; and

Network mapping

EMSA



Expert assistance

EMSA

- 15.4 Those involved in a PFSA should be able to draw upon expert assistance in relation to:
 - .1 knowledge of current security threats and patterns;
 - .2 recognition and detection of weapons, dangerous substances and devices;
 - .3 recognition, on a non-discriminatory basis, of characteristics and behavioural patterns of persons who are likely to threaten security;
 - .4 techniques used to circumvent security measures;
 - .5 methods used to cause a security incident;
 - .6 effects of explosives on structures and port facility services;
 - .7 port facility security;
 - .8 port business practices;
 - .9 contingency planning, emergency preparedness and response;
 - .10 physical security measures, e.g. fences;



- .11 radio and telecommunications systems, including computer systems and networks;
- .12 transport and civil engineering; and
- .13 ship and port operations.



Risk assessment conclusions





ISPS 15.5.4

Identification of weaknesses, <u>including human factor</u>, in the infrastructure, policies and procedures.







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