

Cyber Resilience Act



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Main elements of the proposal

- Cybersecurity rules for the placing on the market of hardware and software
- Based on New Legislative Framework (well-established EU product-related legislative setting)
- Obligations for manufacturers, distributors and importers
- Cybersecurity essential requirements across the life cycle (5 years)
- Harmonised standards to follow
- Conformity assessment differentiated by level of risk
- Market surveillance and enforcement



Scope

Products with digital elements:

- Hardware products and components placed on the market separately, such as laptops, smart appliances, mobile phones, network equipment or CPUs
- Software products and components placed on the market separately, such as operating systems, word processing, games or mobile apps
- The definition of "products with digital elements" also includes remote data processing solutions.

Not covered:

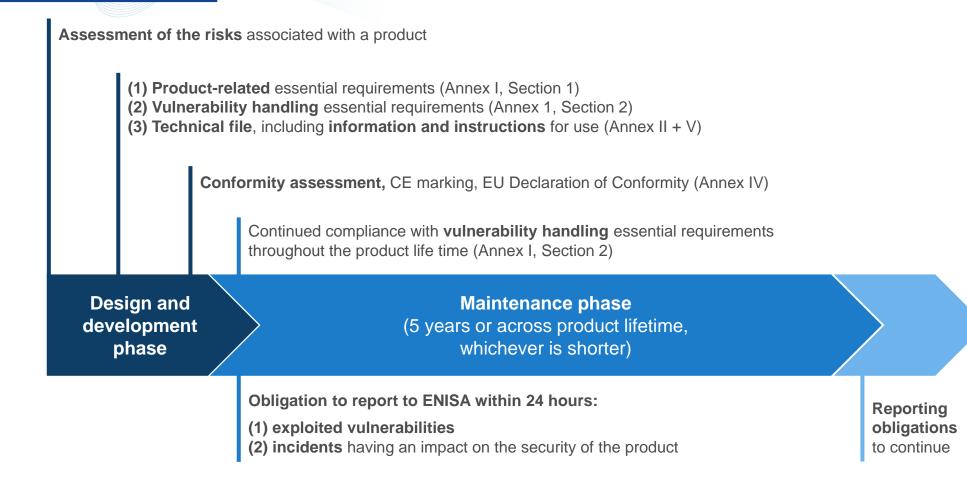
- Non-commercial projects, including open source in so far as a project is not part of a commercial activity
- Services, in particular cloud/Software-as-a-Service – except "remote data processing solutions"

Outright exclusions:

Certain products sufficiently regulated on cybersecurity (cars, medical devices, *in vitro*, certified aeronautical equipment) under the new and old approach



Obligations of manufacturers





Standards & presumption of conformity

***Harmonised standards**

*Upon Commission request, to be developed by European Standardisation Organisations (ESOs)

Preparatory work has started

*EU cybersecurity certification schemes

Common specifications



Identification of essential requirements

