Building Trustworthy eHealth Applications

Ben Kokx Director Product Security, Philips 2016-11-23





Trends in healthcare require innovative solutions





Increased connectivity



Transformation brings challenges



- New technology
- Increasing complexity
- Big data collections
- Interconnectivity
- Collaboration
- B2B
- B2C
- B2G
- Supply chain risk
- Multiple stakeholders
- Liability

Threat Landsca

Medical world

The Register® Biting the hand that feeds IT

A DATA CENTRE SOFTWARE NETWORKS SECURITY INFRASTRUCTURE BUSINESS HARDWARE SCIEN

Security

Thousands of 'directly hackable' hospital devices exposed online

Hackers make 55,416 logins to MRIs, defibrillator honeypots



Derbycon Thousands of critical medical systems – including Magnetic Resonance Imaging machines and nuclear medicine devices – that are vulnerable to attack have been found exposed online.

Security researchers Scott Erven and Mark Collao found, for one example, a "very large" unnamed US healthcare organization exposing more than 68,000 medical systems. That US org has some 12,000 staff and 3,000 physicians.

Exposed were 21 anaesthesia, 488 cardiology, 67 nuclear medical, and 133 infusion systems, 31 pacemakers, 97 MRI scanners, and 323 picture archiving and communications gear.

Los Angeles hospital paid \$17,000 in bitcoin to ransomware hackers

Hollywood Presbyterian Medical Center had lost access to its computer systems since 5 February after hackers installed a virus that encrypted their files



'The quickest and most efficient way to restore our systems ... was to pay the ransom,' said Allen Stefanek, president and chief executive of Hollywood Presbyterian Medical Center. Photograph: Mario Anzuoni/Reuters

A Los Angeles hospital hit by ransomware swallowed the bitter pill: it paid off the hackers.

Hollywood Presbyterian Medical Center had <u>lost access</u> to its computer systems since 5 February after hackers installed a virus that encrypted their computer files. The only out was if the hospital paid the hackers \$17,000 worth of bitcoins, the digital currency.



		<u>с п</u>	U.S. Food and Drug Administration					A to Z Index Follow FDA En Español		
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Ξ	Home	Food	Drugs	Medical Devices	Radiation-Emitting Products	Vaccines, Blood & Biologics	Animal & Veterinary	Cosmetics	Tobacco Products	
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Safety

Home > Safety > MedWatch The FDA Safety Information and Adverse Event Reporting Program > Safety Information > Safety Alerts for Human Medical Products

Safety Alerts for Human Medical Products

2015 Safety Alerts for Human Medical Products

2014 Safety Alerts for Human Medical Products

2013 Safety Alerts for Human Medical Products

2012 Safety Alerts for Human Medical Products

Symbiq Infusion System by Hospira: FDA Safety Communication - Cybersecurity Vulnerabilities

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[Posted 07/31/2015]

AUDIENCE: Risk Manager, Oncology, Nursing

ISSUE: The FDA, the U.S. Department of Homeland Security's Industrial Control Systems Cyber Emergency Response Team (ICS-CERT), and Hospira are aware of cybersecurity vulnerabilities associated with the Symbiq Infusion System. FDA strongly encourages health care facilities transition to alternative infusion systems, and discontinue use of these pumps.

Hospira and an independent researcher confirmed that Hospira's Symbiq Infusion System could be accessed remotely through a hospital's network. This could allow an unauthorized user to control the device and change the dosage the pump delivers, which could lead to over- or under-infusion of critical patient therapies. The FDA and Hospira are currently not aware of any patient adverse events or unauthorized access of a Symbiq Infusion System in a health care setting.

Security researchers





The effect of the increased sensitivity for security and privacy (enforced by law)

GDPR, NIS & many others...

- Hospital IT departments are becoming (more) involved in the medical device / medical IT procurement process
- Shift risk to suppliers:
 - Master Security Agreements
- Restricting access to patient data:
 - Limit usage of removable media
 - Limit physical access to patient data
 - Increased pushback on remote access



In control

Major stakeholders

Hospital Administration	Efficiency care and costCompliance with regulation			
Caregiver	 Best diagnosis, treatment & overall care, fast workflow Health-affirming and cost-effective outcomes 			
Patient	 Treatment, resolution, Prevention Affordable, Quality, Privacy 			
Security & Privacy	 Confidentiality, Integrity & Availability Transparency 			
Manufacturer	 Best-in-class medical systems and healthcare IT Safety & effectiveness, security, privacy, innovation, value, IP protection & customer satisfaction 			
Government & Regulator	 Regulating under law Safety & effectiveness (starting to include security) Affordable 			

Common factors for most incidents



- Forgetting the fundamentals
- Not considering best practices
- No attention to maintenance
- Lack of awareness
- Lack of knowledge
- Lack of attention and focus





NIST SP800-160 Systems Security Engineering

Considerations for a Multidisciplinary Approach in the Engineering of Trustworthy Secure Systems



ISO/IEC 80001-1:2010 Revision afoot!

- Usability & Lessons Learned
- Focus on Key Properties: Safety, Effectiveness, Security
- Health Software
- 31000 vs. 14971

Safe Health Software and Safe Health IT Systems Design, Implementation & Clinical Use **Design & Development** Implementation & Clinical Use (Responsibility of the Developer) (Responsibility of Health Service Organization) aining datior (aou 82304-1 80001-1 ne Procurement (Including Manuf Opti Tra Installation, Customization Decommissioning Systems Operation Integration, Data Migration, Implementation, Workflow 62304-1 Concepts Testing, Software Foundation – Principles, Concepts & Definitions Organizational Culture, Roles & System and Software Lifecycle IT & IM Governance **Risk Management** Competencies Processes Safety Management Processes Human Factors, Usability & **Privacy & Security Quality Management** Across Software Lifecycle **Change Management** Management Data Lifecycle

Many applicable Security Standards Just a few listed here:

- ISO/IEC 15408; Information technology Evaluation criteria for IT security
- ISO/IEC 27000 series; Information technology Security techniques, e.g. 27002 – Code of practice for information security controls
- ISO 27999; Health informatics Information security management
- IEC 62443; Industrial communication networks Network and system security
- ISO/IEC 62304; Medical device software Software life cycle processes
- IEC-80001; Application of risk management for IT Networks incorporating medical devices
- ISO/IEC 29101; Privacy architecture framework
- ISO/IEC 29147; Vulnerability Disclosure
- ISO/IEC 30111; Vulnerability Handling process
- Many applicable NIST standards such as NIST SP 800–33, SP 800-82 and specifically SP 800-53 and the recently released SP 800-160
- AAMI TIR57; Principles for medical device security Risk management



Coordinated Vulnerability Disclosure



Launch of the Coordinated Vulnerability Disclosure Manifesto at the EU high-level Cyber Security meeting on May 12th 2016 in Amsterdam









Coordinated Vulnerability Disclosure Manifesto

Over the last decades, the importance of ICT and the role it plays in our everyday lives has Over the last decades, the importance of ICLI and the role it plays in our everyday lives in Increased exponentially. As our interconnectedness grows and the dependence of our increased exponentially. As our interconnectedness grows and the dependence of our societies on the internet and ICT increases, the potential negative impact of vulnerabilities in Societies on the internet and ic i increases, the potential negative impact of vulnerabilities in ICT also increases. Consequently, finding and remedying those vulnerabilities is increasingly

Cooperation between organizations and the cyber security community can be helpful in finding Cooperation between organizations and the cyber security community can be neighborin that and fixing vulnerabilities. A mechanism of cooperation that is already used in that regard is and fixing vulnerabilities. A mechanism or cooperation that is aiready used in that regard is coordinated vulnerability disclosure or responsible disclosure. Essentially, this is a form of coordinated vulnerability disclosure of responsible disclosure, essentially, this is a form of cooperation in which vulnerabilities are reported to the owner of the information system,

cooperation in which vulnerabilities are reported to the owner of the information system, allowing the organization the opportunity to diagnose and remedy the vulnerability before anowing the organization the opportunity to diagnose and remedy the vulnerability before detailed vulnerability information is disclosed to third parties or the public. Further publication

will be coordinated between the finder and the organization.

With this manifesto, initiated by Rabobank and CIO-Platform Nederland, the signing parties try with this manifesto, initiated by Kabobank and CiQ-Mattorm regenand, the signing parties to raise awareness for the importance of cooperation between organizations and the ICTto raise awareness for the importance of cooperation between organizations and the CT community to find and solve ICT-vulnerabilities. In the experience of the initiators, such community to find and solve IC i-vulnerabilities. In the experience of the initiality, such cooperation results in many vulnerabilities being reported and consequently mitigated or cooperation results in many vulnerabilities being reported and consequently mitigated to remedied. This shows that cooperation actually works and can be extremely helpful in imposing the security of information systems on which our economies and societies are so improving the security of information systems on which our economies and societies are so dependent. This Manifesto underlines this conclusion and is meant to show that organizations dependent. This manifesto underlines this conclusion and is meant to show that organizations are committed to reaping the benefits of such cooperation with the cyber security community.

 acknowledge the efforts of (academic) researchers, penetration testers, passersby, observant users and customers, employees, well-intended hackers and everyone else to

- combine the efforts of their organization and the cyber security community in realizing a
- strive to remediate vulnerabilities in a correct and timely fashion; combine efforts to follow international standards and best practices for remediating and disclosing vulnerabilities and implementing these in their organization. A non-
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- onsciosing vulnerabilities and implementing mese in their organization. A non-comprehensive list with information on such standards and best practices can be found in be transparent in providing information about the remediation and disclosure process; Join efforts to stimulate the development of international standards and best practices for
- stimulate the international dialogue to promote the use of those mentioned mechanisms of
- cooperation for remedying and disclosing vulnerabilities; and
- actively advocate the contents of this manifest to peers.
- will agree on terms and conditions for disclosure of vulnerabilities found; Taking in account that the finder of the vulnerability:
- will not act disproportionately (i.e. cause unnecessary damage) when trying to find and .

- disclose vulnerabilities.

The Dutch Cyber Security Center(NCSC) strongly encourages this private initiative Coordinated Vulnerability Disclosure Manifesto – April 2016

Disclosure



sure Manifesto at the 2th 2016 in Amsterdam





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Good Practice Guide on

Vulnerability Disclosure From challenges to recommendations

NOVEMBER 2015



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European Union Agency For Network And Information Security





Questions?





